

### Title IX and Bias Series

Utilizing Assessments to Identify and Reduce Bias

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Manager of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Solutions

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Director of Strategic Partnerships & Client Relations



#### **Grand River Solutions**



### Vision

We exist to help create safe and equitable work and educational environments.





### Mission

Bring systemic change to how school districts and institutions of higher education address their Clery Act & Title IX obligations.





### **Core Values**

- Responsive Partnership
- Innovation
- Accountability
- Transformation
- Integrity



# **Your Facilitators**

# Tibisay Hernandez (she/her/ella)



Manager of DEI Solutions

# Martha Compton (she/her/hers)



Director of Strategic Partnerships & Client Relations



# **Goals and Objectives**

- Identify how biases can be created
- Identify several different types of biases
- Utilize mitigation strategies to create more bias-informed assessments
- Understanding assessments



# Today's Agenda



Bias: What Is It?

02

**Assessment: Challenges and Opportunities** 

03

Where to Begin? Data



So What? Now What?





Bias: What Is It?



01

### What is Implicit Bias?

Stereotypes: Automatic thoughts

Prejudice: Feelings

**Discrimination:** Actions

Implicit Bias: Stereotypical thoughts below conscious awareness, which can be followed by feelings of liking or disliking (prejudice) and/or discriminatory behaviors; tends to involve a limited or inaccurate perception of others.



Implicit Bias



- Media
- Beliefs
- Education

- Automatic Thoughts
- Feelings

- Discriminatory
- Non-Discriminatory
- Overt
- Covert



### Interpersonal Bias

#### **Affinity Bias:**

 To favor others who are like us. Affinity bias leads us to favor people who we feel we have a connection or similarity to.

#### **Anchoring Bias:**

 The tendency to be overly influenced by the first piece of information that we hear.

#### The Halo/Horns Effect:

 The tendency for an initial impression of a person to influence what we think of them overall. If our initial impression of someone was positive/negative, we want to look for proof that our assessment was accurate. B.E. FOR DOGS:

### HALO EFFECT Duke ADVANCED HINDSIGHT













BERMAN, FOEHL, TROWER 2018

### Where can we find bias?

When survey is active, respond at pollev.com/grsbias

0 done



### What percentage of CEO's are 6 feet or taller?

20%

30%

60%

75%

### What percentage of men are actually 6 feet or taller?

15%

25%

30%

40%

When a woman's name was replaced with a man's name on a résumé, how much more likely were evaluators to say they would hire the applicant?

15%

35%

40%

60%

# Interpersonal Bias Mitigation Techniques

#### **Affinity Bias**

- Question your assumptions and first impressions
- Would your view of the person change if they were different/similar to you?
- Justify your decision by writing down the reasons for it

#### **Anchoring Bias**

- Ensure you have enough time to evaluate the situation
- · Reflect on whether you have rushed to judgement in the past
- Ask yourself if you have thoroughly considered all key factors

#### The Halo/Horns Effect

- Remind yourself that people are complex
- Create two possible impressions of people when you first meet them
- Collect objective information on which impression is more accurate



### **DEI Feedback Survey**

To complete the survey, go to pollev.com/grsbias

0 done





## Bias in Decision-Making and Assessment

- Confirmation Bias: To search for, interpret, focus on, and remember information that aligns with our preconceived opinions.
- Information Bias: Based on the incorrect belief that more information—even irrelevant information—must always be acquired before deciding.
- Attentional Bias: The tendency to pay attention to some things while simultaneously ignoring others.
  - i.e. Tunnel vision

### **Bias in Action**

Look at the presented sequence of numbers and propose a set of numbers that follows the rule.

2

4

8



What is the rule?

Rule: The numbers are in ascending order!!



# What just happened?





# **Bias Mitigation Strategies**

#### **Confirmation Bias**

- Take notice every time you feel strongly about a conclusion
- Seek out missing perspectives that challenge your opinions
- Assign someone on your team to play "devil's advocate" for major decisions

#### **Information Bias**

- Be realistic about what information is critical, what is not, and why
- Write down key factors that should be considered

#### **Attentional Bias**

- Remind yourself that you can be wrong
- Mood and physiological discomfort affect your attentiveness and decision-making
  - Check for hunger, fatigue, and emotional unease



### **Bias in Assessment Survey**

When survey is active, respond at pollev.com/grsbias

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# Assessment: Challenges and Opportunities



02

### What do we mean by "assessment"?

There are many different types of assessment; for the purposes of this discussion, we are focusing on program-level assessment.

### **Key features:**

- Objective, systematic method;
- Ongoing gathering, analyzing, and use of information;
- From various sources;
- About a program;
- Measuring program outcomes.

How is assessment in Title IX and sexual misconduct processes unique?



The highly sensitive and personal nature of the work.



Lack of time and resources for most programs.



Significant scrutiny that already exists.



Erroneously equating good work with satisfaction of the parties.

# **Assessment**Getting Started

- > What do you want to know?
- What does the institution want to know?
- Where are the pain points/fears?
- Who do you need to get on board?
  - Who are your allies?
  - > Who is resistant?





# **Assessment**Getting Started



- What are your obligations to disclose information or findings?
  - Public?
  - Internal only?
- Who will be your audience(s)?
- > What will you communicate?
- > Who wants to know what?
  - Focus on data & information not names or details





Focused assessment can:

Build credibility

Identify and address bias in the process

Assist in creating more equitable outcomes

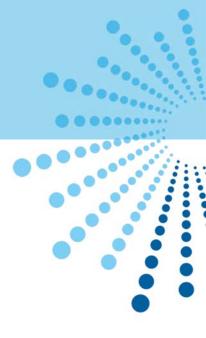
Increase access to services and assistance





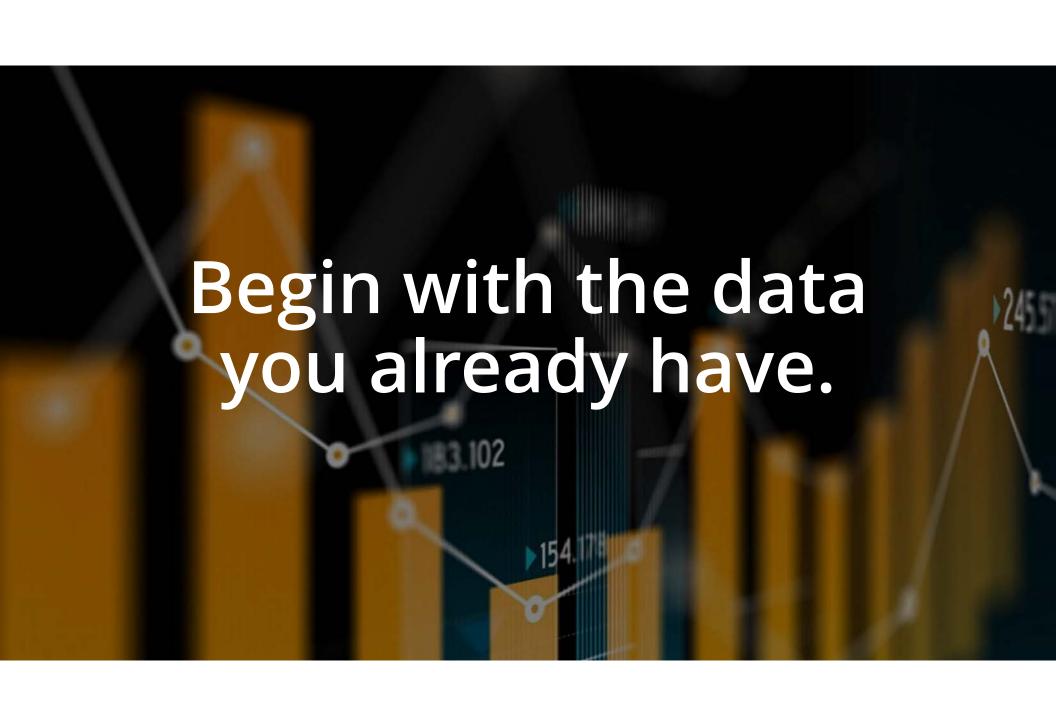


# Where to Begin? Data



03





# What do you currently track?

Number of Types of Mandatory & Number of **Prohibited** Formal Discretionary Reports Complaints Conduct Dismissals Number of Informal Withdrawn Resolution Live Hearings Informal Complaints Resolutions Outcomes Number of Outcomes of Outcome of Sanctions Live Hearings **Appeals** Appeals





### Are you tracking information related to ...?

### **Identity**

Race

Ethnicity

Gender

Religion

Disability

Immigration Status

Sexual Orientation

### **Academics**

Major

**Academic Standing** 

Transfer Status

**GPA** 

### Campus Involvement

Residential Student

Student Athlete

Student Organization <u>A</u>ffiliation

# Reporting Factors

How did they find your office?

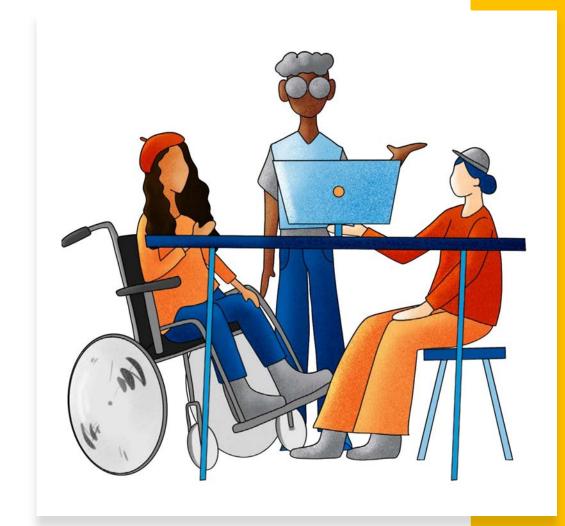
Delay in Reporting

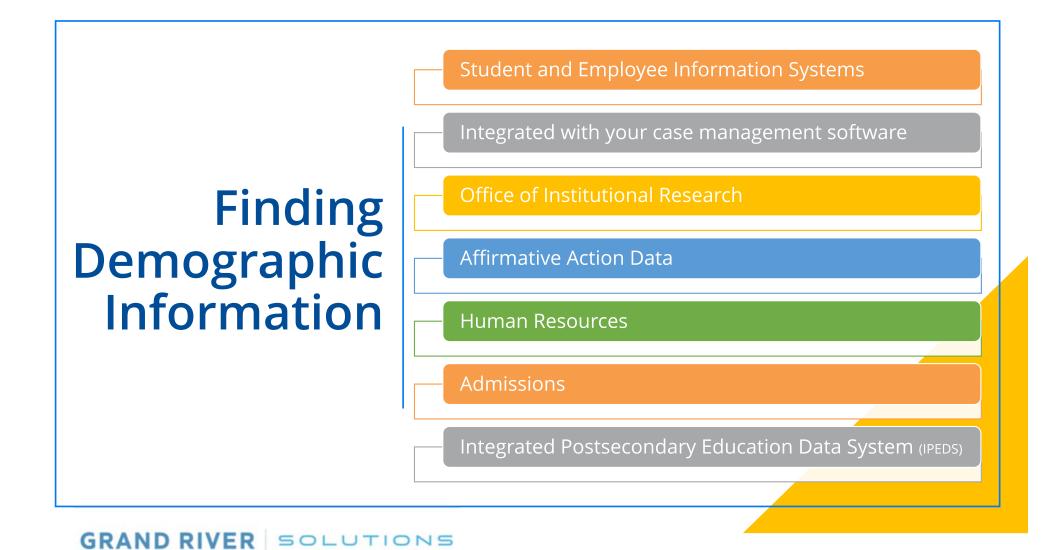
Law Enforcement Involvement

Medical Care

# **Demographics**

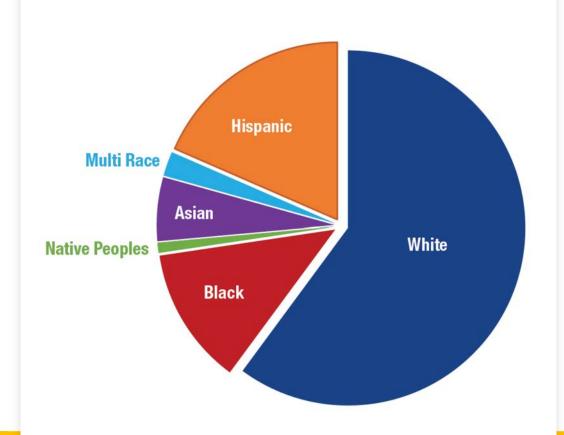
To fully understand what your information is telling you about who is in your process, you must first understand who is on your campus.





# **Proportionality**

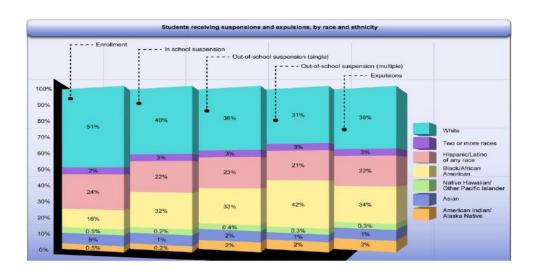
- Who is represented in your process?
- How are those same folks represented in your larger campus community?
- How do those numbers compare?



Example of a demographic breakdown by race



### Which groups are experiencing disproportionality?



Whites

Two or more races

Latinx/Hispanics

Black/African American

Native Hawaiian/ Other Pacific Islander

Asian

American Indian/Alaska Native

# **Equity Through Proportionality**

To fully understand what your information is telling you about who is in your process, you must first understand who is on your campus.

Consider...

**OUTLIERS** 

APPROACHING WITH CURIOSITY WHAT STORY
THE DATA
TELLS

# **Special Considerations**

### If you are:

A small school;

A nonresidential campus;

A professional school; or

A school with a very low caseload

Change your parameters and look for information over a longer period of time.





# So What? Now What?



04

# What does this all mean?

# Utilize campus resources to help you make sense of the information

- Department/divisional assessment professionals
- Institutional Research
- Faculty

## All information can be good information

• It can confirm you are on the right track or helps you see where to focus your efforts.





Remember that what you are not seeing is just as important as what you are seeing.

Who is not making reports?

Who is not being reported?

Why is that?

### Prioritize, Partner, and Plan

What is most important to address first?

Who do you need to help you address it?

How are you going to go about it?



# **Example 1**

A review of the last two years of data shows that only 3 of the 75+ reports received by the Title IX office involve members of the LGBTQIA+ community. The institution has an active and visible LGBTQIA+ community, and that number seems very disproportionate to you.

 What are ways you could begin to explore this?



# Example 2

A review of the last two years of data shows that 15% of the reports made to your office involve Black men as the Respondent. Only 7% of your campus population is Black.

 What are ways you could begin to explore this?

# Sharing Information: Strategies



Begin with the end in mind



Share what you are required to by law or institutional policy



Discuss possible benefits of sharing other information

# Sharing Information: Format



**Charts and Graphs** 



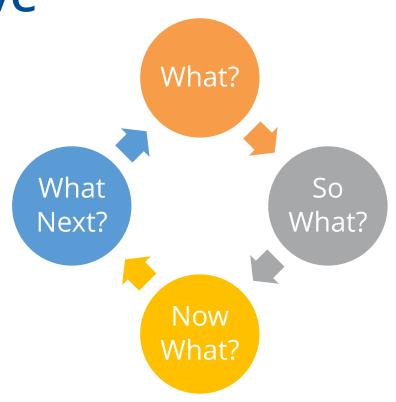
Narrative Report



**Presentations** 

### Assessment is Iterative

- What?
  - What do you want to know?
- So What?
  - What does this mean?
- Now What?
  - What do we do about it?
- What Next?
  - Did it work?







### Save the Date!

### **Title IX & Bias Series**

#### **September 15, 2021**

Understanding Bias in Charging, Emergency Actions, and Supportive Measures with Darci Heroy & Tibisay Hernandez

#### October 13, 2021

Reducing Bias in Investigations with Chantelle Cleary Botticelli & Tibisay Hernandez

### **November 10, 2021**

Mitigating Bias in Hearings with Kelly Gallagher & Tibisay Hernandez

### **December 8, 2021**

Reducing Bias in Sanctioning with Jody Shipper & Tibisay Hernandez

### **DEI Trainings**

September 14, 2021

Diversity Foundations: Bias Awareness and Mitigation

October 14, 2021

Critical Conversations: Practical Tools for Navigating Difficult Dialogues

**November 14, 2021** 

Inclusive Search Practices: Culture Add vs. Culture Fit Recruitment

# Questions?



### Leave Us Feedback:



### **Email Us:**

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